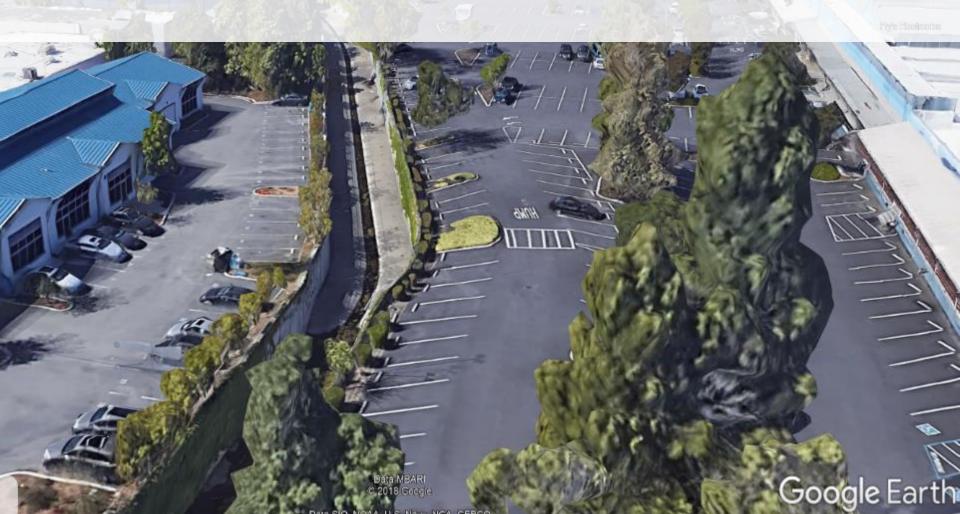
CITY OF PALO ALTO

MATADERO CREEK RENATURALIZATION

November 5, 2020





WRA Representatives



Virginia Mahacek
Principal
Geomorphologist



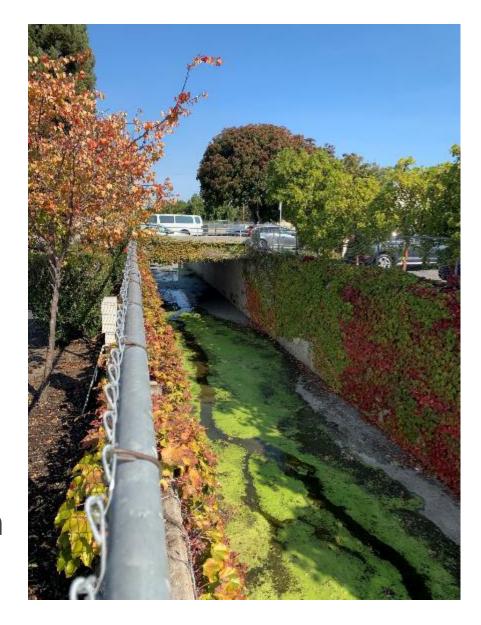
Andrew Smith, PE
Restoration
Engineer





Overview

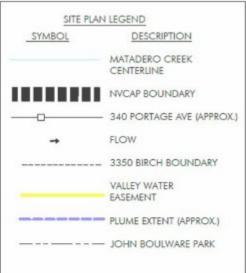
- Planning Process
- Motivation
- Objectives
- Existing Conditions / Constraints
- Conceptual Design Alternatives
- Analysis and Discussion



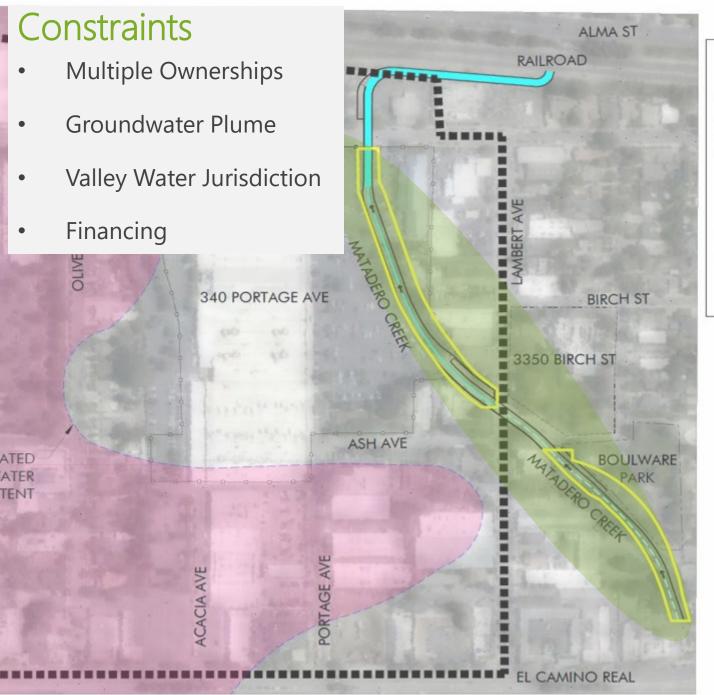








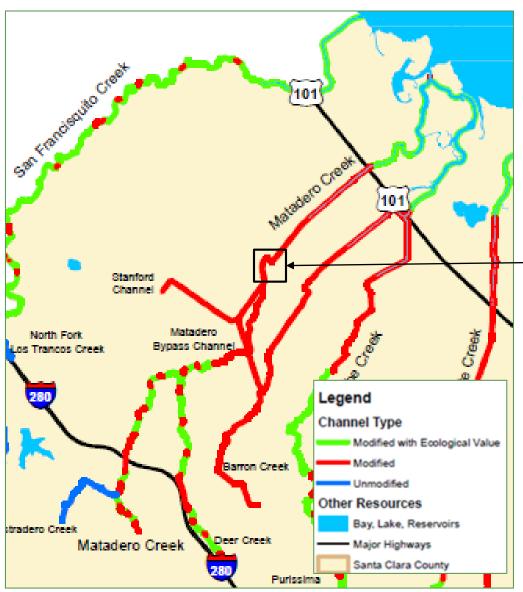








Existing Channel System

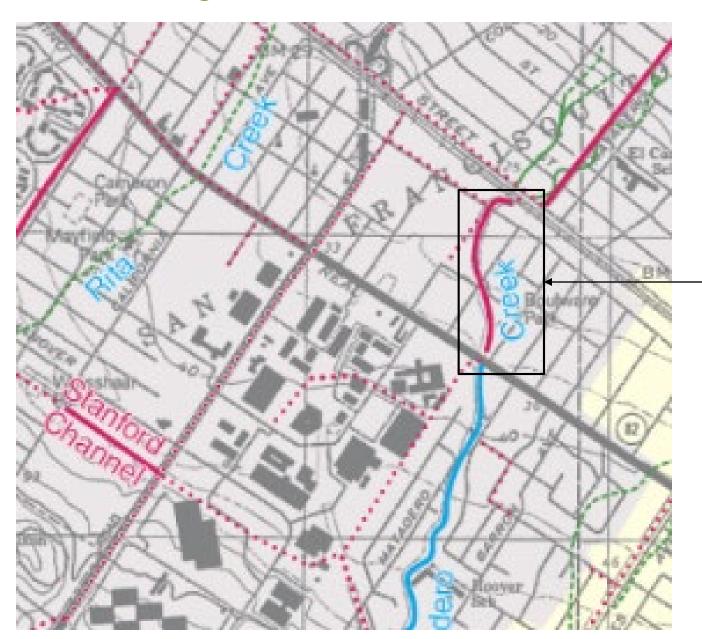


Study Reach is one portion of the modified channels in the flood management network

Source: Valley Water 2019



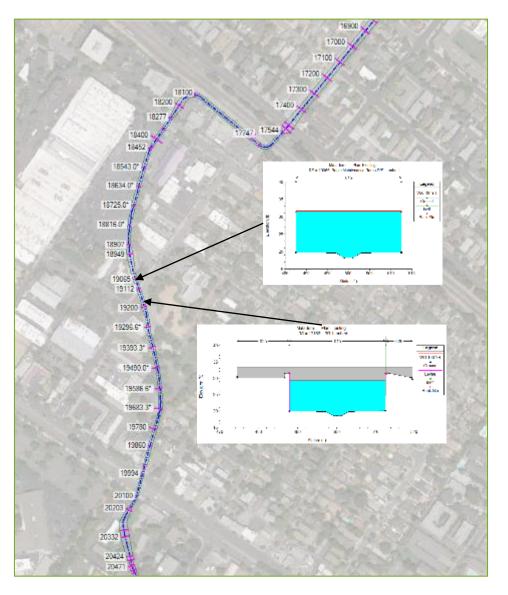
Urban Drainage Functions



Study Reach is part of a complex urban drainage system



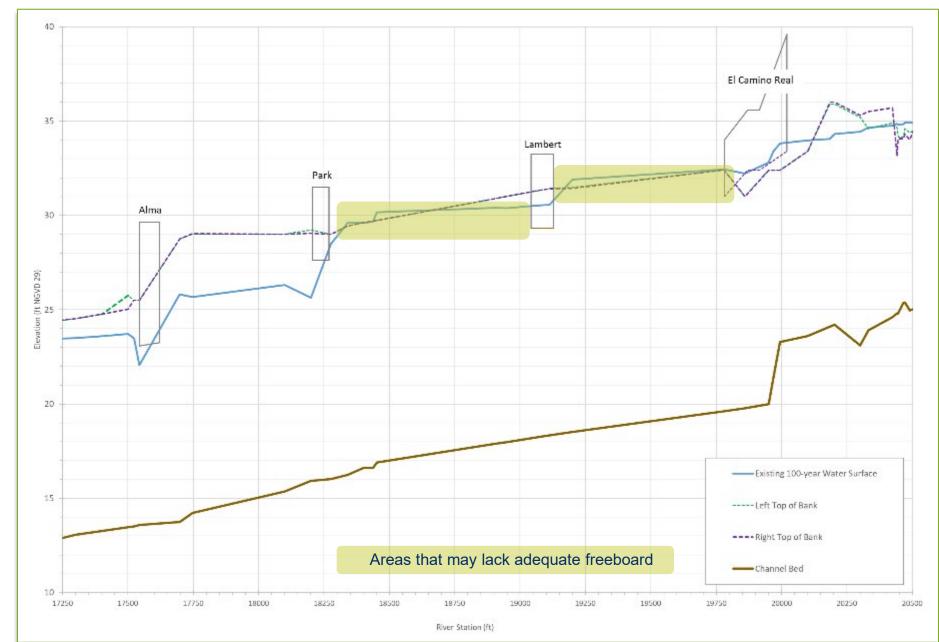
Existing Conditions Flood Model



- 100-year peak flows
- By-Pass flow inputs
- Existing U channel shape and alignment
- Concrete surfaces
- Representing bridge structures



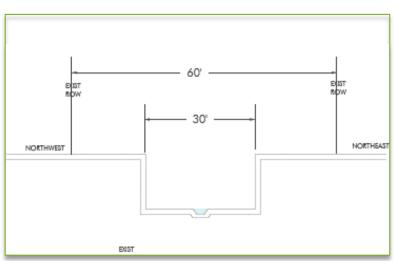
Existing Channel and 100-year Flood Profiles



Design Elements

to transform the existing channel...

- Natural Channel
- Vegetated Corridor
- Recreation Use
- Flood Protection
- Maintenance Access





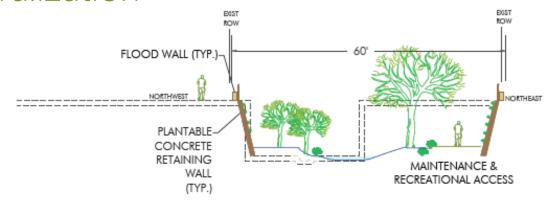
San Luis Obispo Creek & pedestrian bridge example



Three Tiers of Re-naturalization

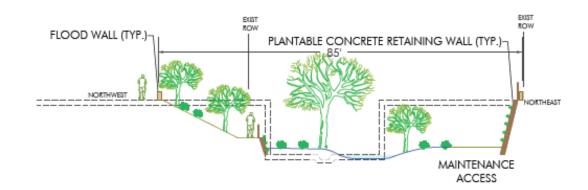
1. Enhanced

-remains within current 60 foot ROW



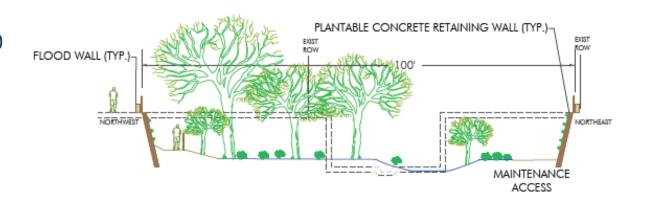
Widened

-in an expanded 85 foot ROW



3. Maximum

- in an expanded 100 foot ROW



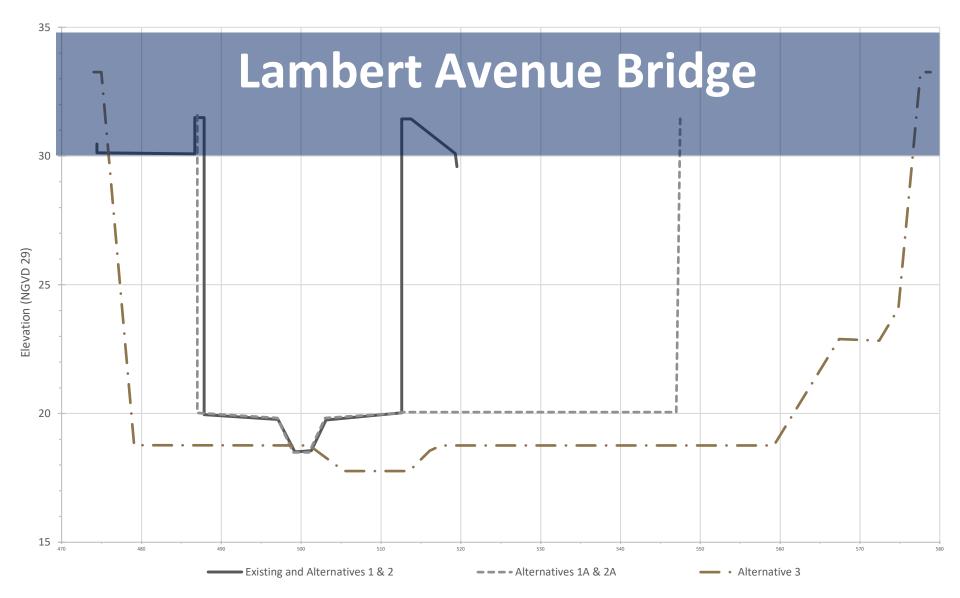
Two Project lengths along Matadero Creek

- Park Boulevard to Lambert Avenue
 - (original ~800 feet)
- Park Boulevard through Boulware Park
 - (lengthened to ~1300 feet)

Three options for the Lambert Avenue Bridge span

- Existing (~25 feet)
- Widened (~60 feet)
- Maximum Extent (~80 feet)





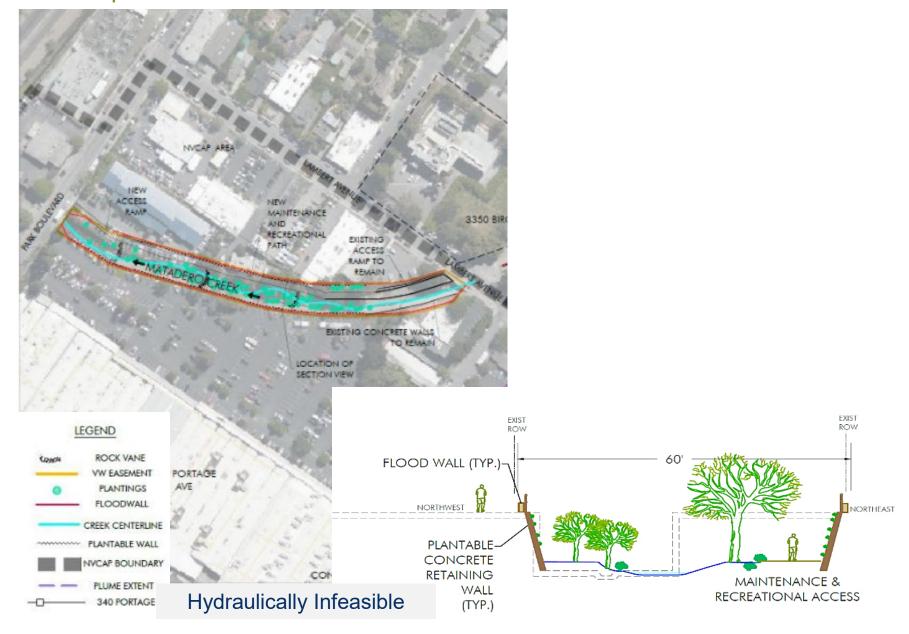


Concept Designs and Feasibility

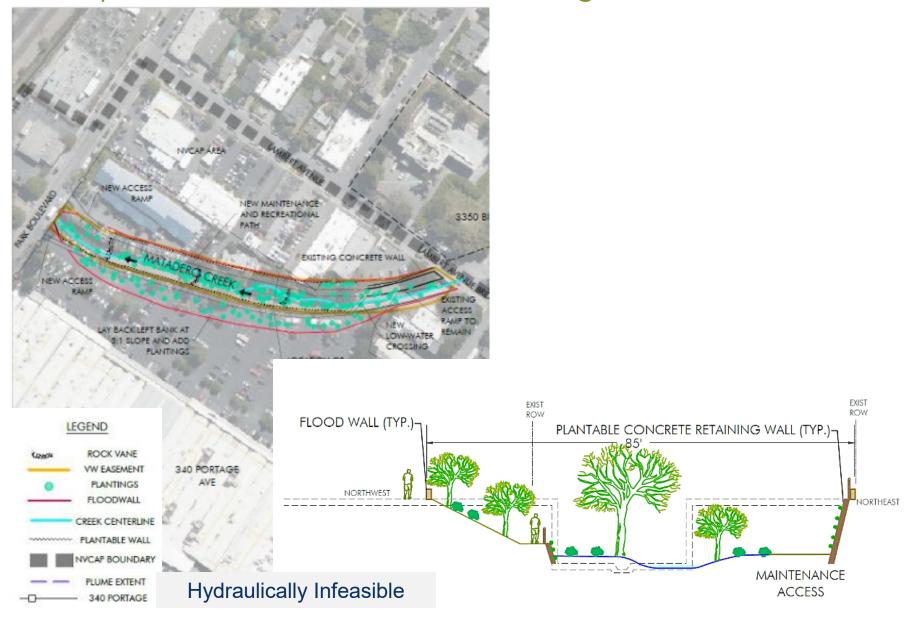
- All FIVE concepts would demolish and remove the existing U-shaped concrete channel while providing for maintenance access
- All FIVE concepts could improve habitat, aesthetics, and recreation opportunities
- Hydraulic modeling indicates that THREE concepts appear feasible from a flood management perspective



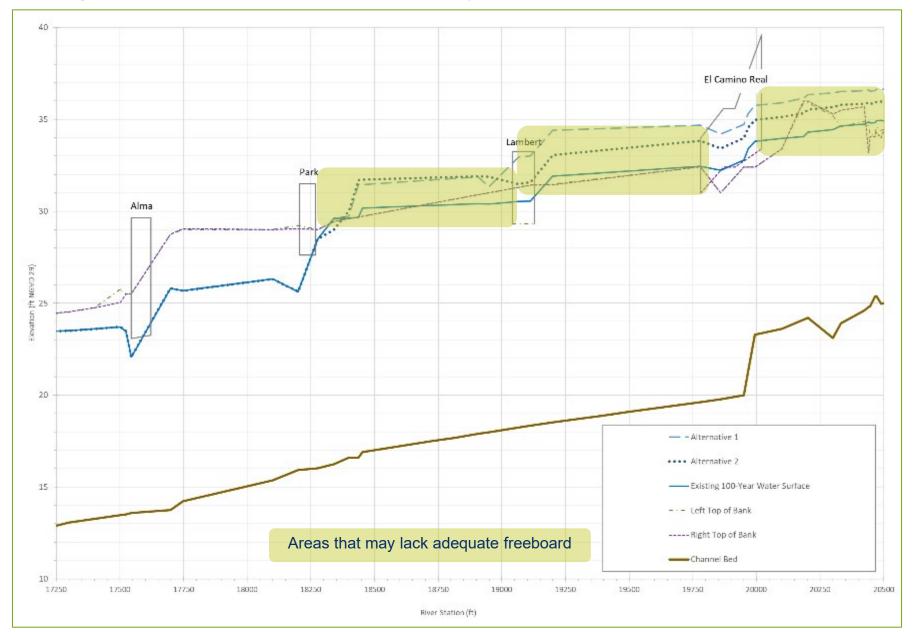
Concept #1: Enhanced Easement Corridor



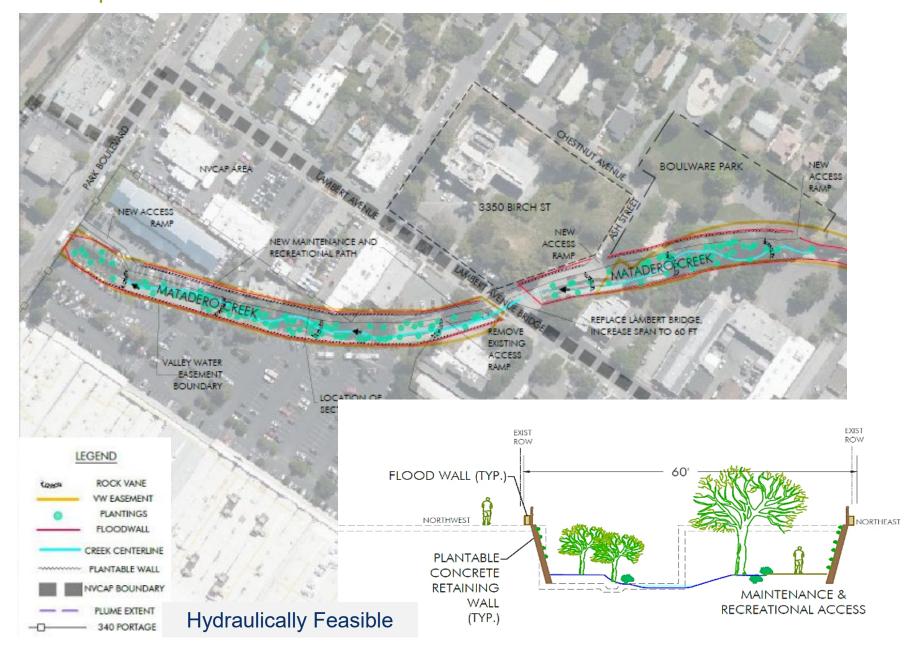
Concept #2: Widen Corridor with Bank Angle Reduction



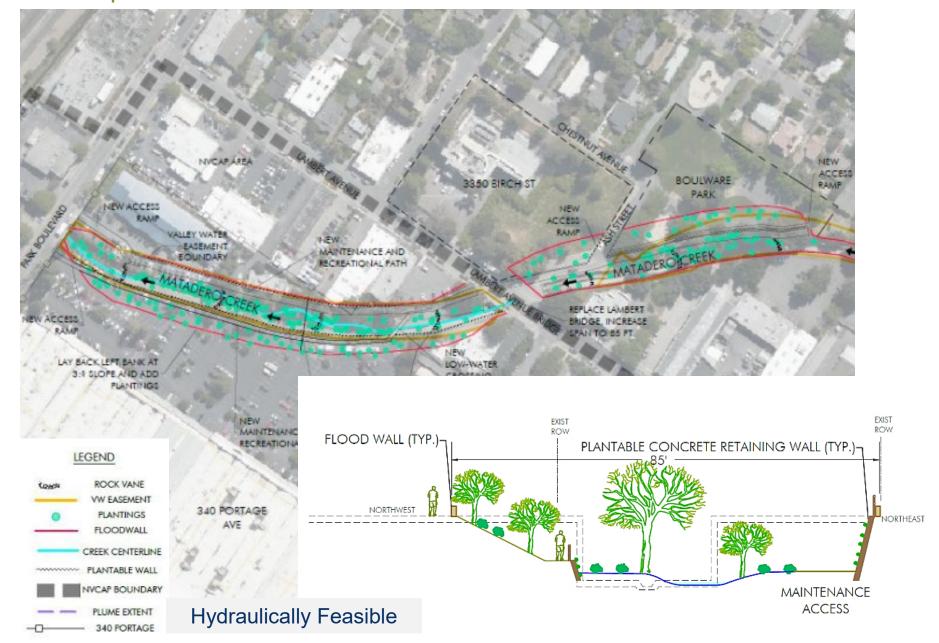
100-year Flood Profiles for Concepts 1 and 2



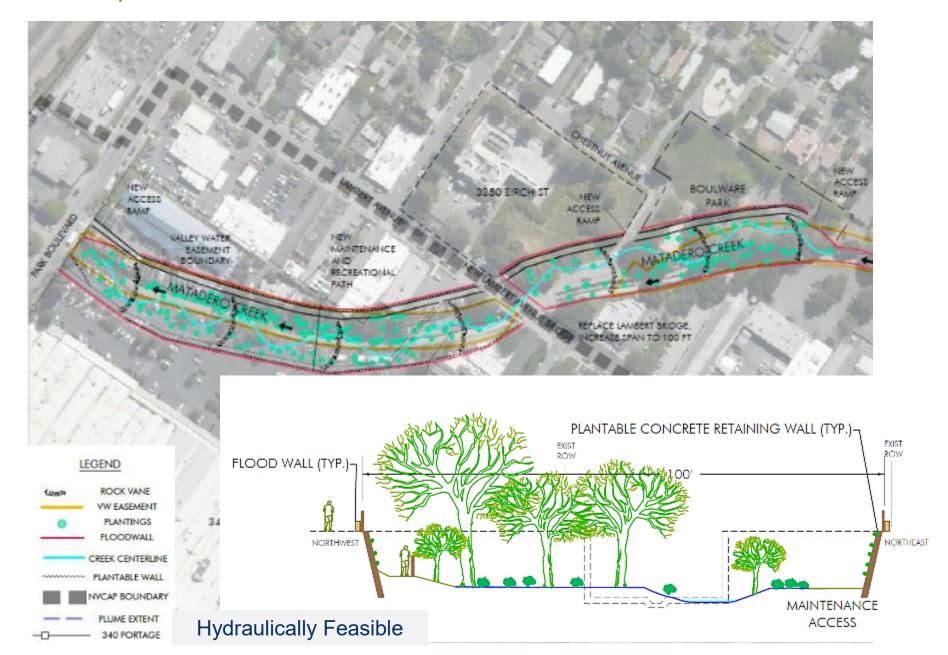
Concept #1A: Enhanced easement corridor + Boulware Park



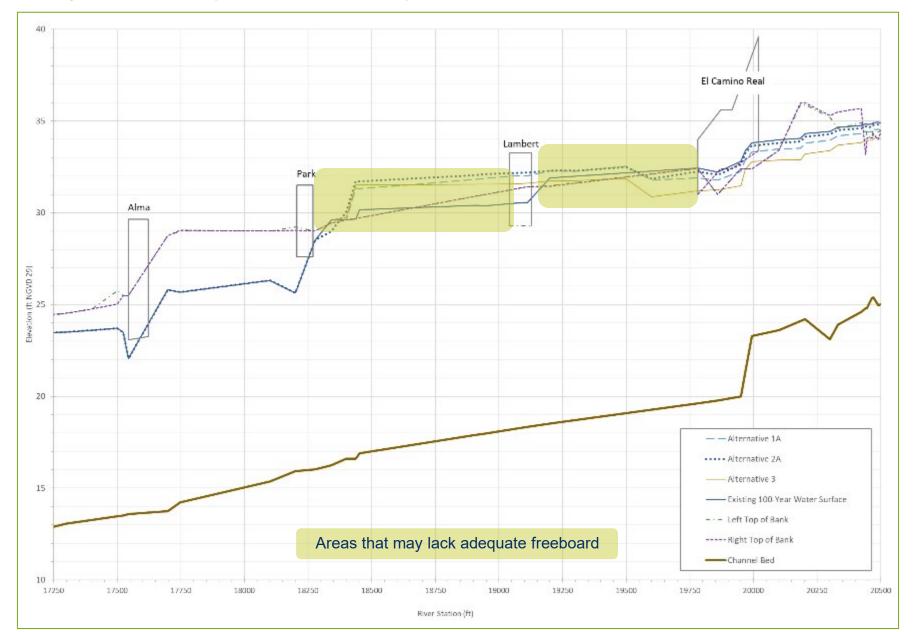
Concept #2A: Widened corridor + Boulware Park



Concept #3: Maximum Renaturalization



100-year flood profiles Concepts 1A, 2A and 3



Preliminary Construction Cost Comparisons

Design Alternative	Construction Cost	*Total Cost
Concept 1	\$2,000,000	\$3,000,000
Concept 1A	\$5,000,000	\$8,000,000
Concept 2	\$2,000,000	\$5,000,000
Concept 2A	\$6,000,000	\$11,000,000
Concept 3	\$8,000,000	\$16,000,000

^{*} Including estimates of other costs, such as: real estate, final design, permitting, management and contingency.



Summary

- Concepts 1A, 2A, and 3 are most hydraulically feasible
- Any project will need to meet Valley Water's criteria and maintenance needs
- Potential costs are highly influenced by the need for bridge lengthening and flood protection and real estate components





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